The segregation table of experimental liquid waste

Common cautions

- Accumulate Experimental liquid waste, Primary and Secondary washings.
- A liquid waste can be stored until 80 percent of the container.
- After judging division by contents and pH value, sort liquid waste into corresponded division.
- Don't leave liquid waste in laboratory while accumulating, carry a little out on a carrying out days. (Carry out liquid waste accumulated at least once a half year.)
- Don't mix liquids waste among the different divisions.
- Record chemicals which liquid waste includes, pH value and weight on carry-out forms.

Hazardous substances in Waste Management and Public Cleansing Act

Alkylmercury compounds, Mercury and its compounds, Cadmium and its compounds, Lead and its compounds, Organic phosphorous compound, Hexavalent chromium, Aresevic and its compounds, Cyanide, PCB, Trichloroethylene, Tetrachloroethylene, Dichloromethane, Tetrachloromethane, 1, 2-dichloroethane, 1, 1-dichloroethylene, cis-1, 2-dichloroethylene, 1, 1, 1-trichloroethane, 1, 1, 2-trichloroethane, 1, 3-dichloropropene, Thiuram, Simazine, Thiobencarb, Benzene, Selenium and its compounds, 1, 4-dioxane, Dioxin kinds.

	Kinds	Number of container	Divisions / Object of	f chemicals or pH value	
Liquid waste	Inorganic liquid waste	1 シアン(CN)	- 1. Cyanide Carry-out form of "HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES"	HCN, KCN, Sodium nitroprusside dihydrate, etc.	 Make the liquid waste alkaline, pH 12 charge into the plastic containers. (Operate in a fume hood. Never make The same treatment should be applied
			- 2. Sulfide Carry-out form of "HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES"	H_2S , Na_2S , K_2S , CdS, ZnS, etc.	
		3	- 3. Mercurial compound Carry-out form of "HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES"	HgSO ₄ , CH ₃ -Hg, etc.	 Record any chemicals other than Hg Don't take mercury of products inclu
		4 他 有害物	- 4. Other hazardous substances Carry-out form of "HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES"	Cd, Pb, Organic phosphorous compound, Cr ⁶⁺ , As, Se	 When you carry out to the Enviromendepending on pH value. If it's difficult to judge which to come Acid, handle it as division (5) Strong all The waste liquid which isn't relevant following substances can be accumula A substance examples : B, Bi, Co, Cu,
			5. Strong alkali Carry-out form of "ALKALINE, ACID"	Alkali over pH 12.5	
		6 	6. Strong acid Carry-out form of "ALKALINE, ACID"	Acid under pH2.0	
		- 7 アルカリ性	7. Alkali Carry-out form of "ALKALINE, ACID"	Alkali of pH 7.1 ~ 12.4	
			8. Acid Carry-out form of "ALKALINE, ACID"	Acid of pH 2.1 ~ 7.0	
	Organic liquid waste	10 有機ハロケン化合物	Waste oil including organic halide or 10. hazardous substances Carry-out form of "WASTE OIL"	Dichloromethane, Chloroform, Benzene, 1,4-dioxane, etc.	 Record any chemicals in the contain While accumulating organic liquid wanted and the contain
		 その他 有機	-11. Waste oil except number 10 Carry-out form of "WASTE OIL"	<i>n</i> -Hexane, Acetone, Formalin, Mineral oil, etc.	
The waste which you must not carry in to the Enviromental Safety Center					

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●Unnecessary chemicals, ●Nuclear fuel materials, ●Polychlorinated biphenyls, ●Asbestou

The phone numbers about the experimental liquid waste

"Envirometanl management charge (Extension:2319 External:0852-32-9829)" "Enviromental safety center (Extension:2348 External:0852-32-8914)"

2020/6 Form a committee

Cautions

12 or above by adding either NaOH, or KOH, and

ke the liquid waste acid or neutral.)

lied to the liquid waste containing any metals.

lg in the container on carry-out form. cluding mercury by force.

nental Safety Center, it's different in delivered place

me under, Strong alkali or Alkali, and Strong acid or alkali or 6 Strong acid.

nt to division of $(1 \sim 4)$ and something including the ulated into division of $(5 \sim 8)$.

u, F, Fe, Mo, Mn, Nb, Ni, Sn, Ti, V, Zn, Zr, etc.

ainer on carry-out form.

waste, Be careful about handing of fire in the