

## 解答と出題意図

Covid-19 感染に伴う医療上の問題や病理解剖に関する話題である。全体的に平易な英語で記載されており、解答内容もほぼ本文中にあるので英語を日々読んでいけば解答は容易である

- 1) Offer が正解。医療側に決定権があるのではなく、患者さん家族が主体として決める様に促す言葉であれば正解とする (provide, give option of, propose, present with option, counsel about) など (10 点)
- 2) post-autopsy care が正解だがそれに類することが書かれていれば正解。(10 点)
- 3) 患者さん家族への同情・心配とトレーニング不足などを記載できれば加点 (20 点)
  - Clinicians may do not have a sufficient rapport with the family to discuss this sensitive topic, or they may show a “hidden paternalism” by avoiding the conversation in order to protect the family from further emotional distress during a time of grief.
  - These sentiments have been particularly pertinent during the Covid-19 pandemic, when relationships and conversations with families have often occurred by telephone or online.
  - Furthermore, clinicians may feel uncomfortable discussing autopsy because of inadequate training or experience.
  - More than 25% of medical students never witness an autopsy, so when these students become physicians, they do not feel equipped to discuss autopsy or answer logistical questions about”
- 4) Conversations about autopsy commonly occur by telephone or video call to limit person-to-person contact and decrease the likelihood of viral spread. の記載が本文中にあり (20 点)
- 5) In this case, during the conversation about autopsy, the patient’s daughter shared her family’s reason for proceeding with autopsy, which was a desire to further medical research and education. She stated that her mother would want her body to be “one last gift to science” so that more could be learned about Covid-19 during the pandemic. の記載が本文中にあり (20 点)
- 6) It is important to determine whether a complete or limited examination will be performed, as well as to establish instructions for organ retention for examination and to decide the fate of retained organs. の記載が本文中にあり (20 点)